VILLAGE OF SPRING LAKE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Page
AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Position	2
Statement of Operations	3
Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Change in Accumulated Surplus – Schedule 1	6
Tangible Capital Assets – Schedule 2	7
Property Taxes Levied – Schedule 3	8
Expenditures by Object – Schedule 4	8
Notes	9 - 13

J. A. PAWLUIK

PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

Telephone: (780) 482-6317

Fax: (780) 482-6329

E-Mail: japawluikpc@telus.net

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying statements of the Village of Spring Lake that comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2012, and the statements of operation, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village of Spring Lake as at December 31, 2012, the results of its operations, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Edmonton, Alberta April 9, 2013

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

Reofessional logration

VILLAGE OF SPRING LAKE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

	2012	2011
	2012	2011
Miles and Associate		
Financial Assets		0 1 001 010
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,218,178	\$ 1,021,240
Taxes receivable	22,303	20,856
Government transfers receivable	105,266	117,799
Trade and other receivables	15,334	12 <u>,419</u>
	1,361,081	<u>1,172,314</u>
Liabilities		
Payables and accrued liabilities	10,946	15,617
Deferred revenue – Note 2	953,276	770,389
Long term debt – Note 3	27,108	40,967
	991,330	826,973
	the second	
Net Financial Assets	369,751	345,341
Trock i manoral product	Company of a second	040,041
Non-Financial Assets		
Tangible capital assets	16 May 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 952 441
•	3,172,844	2,852,441
Prepaid expenses	6,271	6,222
	3,179,115	<u>2,858,663</u>
Assessment 10 miles	Topodie	
Accumulated Surplus	<u>\$ 3,548,866</u>	\$ 3,204,004

Approved by Council

____ Mayor

_____ Chief Administrative Officer

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budget Unaudited	2012	2011
Revenues			
Net municipal property taxes	\$ 420,000	\$ 420,007	\$ 387,287
User fees and sale of goods	1,500	3,864	1,870
Government transfers for operating	30,926	30,926	30,882
Licenses and permits	4,600	3,797	4,639
Fines	2,000	1,828	2,771
Penalties on taxes	6,000	8,340	11,458
Investment income	2,500	6,746	2,366
Other	2,300	4,390	6,808
	469,826	479,898	448,081
Expenses			
Council	18,350	15,949	17,760
Administration	179,575	170,118	167,207
Fire	21,810	21,807	18,963
Bylaw enforcement	30,000	29,500	29,625
Public works	121,000	119,096	107,879
Roads, streets, walks, lighting	35,300	34,635	45,675
Waste management	42,650	43,404	42,113
Planning and development	5,500	5,324	4,692
Parks, recreation and culture	11,650	13,208	12,198
	465,835	453,041	446,112
Excess Revenues Over Expenses Before Other Other Revenue (Expenses)	3,991	26,857	1,969
Government transfers for capital	1,002,265	116,834	
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(120,000)	(133,629)	(115,881)
Contributed assets	(120,000)	334,800	842,860
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets		334,600	50
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	882,265	318,005	727,029
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses	886,256	344,862	728,998
Accumulated Surplus, Beginning of Year	3,204,004	3,204,004	2,475,006
Accumulated Surplus, End of Year	\$ 4,090,260	\$ 3,548,866	\$ 3,204,004

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budget Unaudited	2012	2011
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses Changes in Non-Financial Assets	\$ 886,25 <u>6</u>	\$ 344,862	\$ 728 <u>,998</u>
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(1,002,265)	(119,232)	(32,526)
Contributed tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	(334,800)	(842,860) 50
Amortization of tangible capital assets	120,000	133,629	115,881
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets Prepaid expenses	-	(49)	(50) (58)
1 Topara experises	(882,265)	(320,452)	(759,563)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Financial Assets	3,991	24,410	(30,565)
Net Financial Assets, Beginning of Year	<u>345,341</u>	345,341	<u>375,906</u>
Net Financial Assets, End of Year	\$ 349,332	\$ 369,751	\$ 345,341

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	2012	2011
Cash Provided By (Used For)		
Operating Activities		
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 344,862	\$ 728,998
Non-cash items included in excess of revenues over expenses		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	133,629	115,881
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets		(50)
Contributed tangible capital assets	(334,800)	(842,860)
THE PART AND A COURT OF THE PART OF THE PA	143,691	1,969
Net change in non-cash working capital		100
Taxes receivable	(1,447)	3,773
Government transfers receivable	12,533	1,864
Trade and other receivables	(2,915)	33,734
Prepaid expenses	(49)	(58)
Payables and accrued liabilities	(4,671)	6,082
Deferred revenue	182,887	297,149
	330,029	344,513
Capital Activities		
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets		50
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(119,232)	(32,526)
	(119,232)	(32,476)
Financing Activities		
Long term debt		29,026
Principal payments on long term debt	(13,859)	(8,371)
	(13,859)	20,655
Increase in Cash	196,938	332,692
Cash, Beginning of Year	1,021,240	688,548
Cash, End of Year	\$ 1,218,178	\$ 1,021,240

CHANGE IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Schedule 1

				2012	2011
	Unrestricted Surplus	Restricted Surplus Note 4	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	Total	Total
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 52,226	\$ 340,304	\$ 2,811,474	\$ 3,204,004	\$ 2,475,006
Excess of revenues over					
expenses	344,862	-	-	344,862	728,998
Unrestricted funds designated for future use	(18,439)	18,439	-		-
Restricted funds used for operations	10,000	(10,000)	-		-
Current funds used for tangible capital assets	(119,232)	_	119,232		_
Contributed tangible capital	, , ,				
assets	(334,800)	-	334,800		-
Annual amortization expense	133,629	-	(133,629)		-
Principal payments on long term debt	(12.050)		13,859	det Company	
term debt	(13,859) 2,161	8,439	334,262	344,862	728,998
	2,101				
Balance, End of Year	\$ 54,387	\$ 348,743	\$ 3,145,736	\$ 3,548,866	\$ 3,204,004

TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Schedule 2

				2012	2011
	Balance, Beginning of Year	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance, End of Year	Balance, End of Year
Cost					
Land	\$ 1,329,022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,329,022	\$ 1,329,022
Land improvements	170,578	12,706		183,284	170,578
Engineered structures	1,746,029	355,753		2,101,782	1,746,029
Buildings	115,952	83,175	-	199,127	115,952
Machinery and equipment	138,640	2,398		141,038	138,640
Vehicles	109,425			109,425	109,425
	3,609,646	454,032		4,063,678	3,609,646
Accumulated Amortization					
Land	75.005	0.400		05 400	75.005
Land improvements	75,935	9,468		85,403	75,935
Engineered structures	522,213	96,068		618,281	522,213
Buildings Machinery and aguirment	56,212	3,836	7.	60,048	56,212
Machinery and equipment Vehicles	75,736 27,109	13,314 10,943		89,050	75,736 27,109
venicles	757,205	133,629		38,052 890,834	757,205
Net Book Value					
Land				\$ 1,329,022	\$ 1,329,022
Land improvements				97,881	94,643
Engineered structures				1,483,501	1,223,816
Buildings				139,079	59,740
Machinery and equipment				51,988	62,904
Vehicles				71,373	82,316
				\$ 3,172,844	\$ 2,852,441

PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Schedule 3

Taxation	Budget Unaudited	2012	2011
Real property taxes	\$ 661,054	\$ 661,061	\$ 603,005
Linear property taxes	2,120	2,120	1,809
	663,174	663,181	604,814
Requisitions			
Alberta School Foundation Fund	202,477	202,477	182,050
Separate School	40,697	40,697	35,477
	243,174	243,174	217,527
Net Municipal Property Taxes	\$ 420,000	<u>\$ 420,007</u>	<u>\$ 387,287</u>

EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budget 2012 2012 Unaudited	<u> </u>
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 230,450 \$ 233,047 \$ 201,218	3
Contracted and general services	137,300 129,392 153,921	l
Purchases from other governments	51,960 51,411 48,683	3
Materials, goods and utilities	41,125 34,372 37,203	3
Transfers to local boards and agencies	2,600 2,546 2,546	3
Interest on long term debt	2,400 2,273 2,541	1
Amortization of tangible capital assets	<u> 120,000</u> 133,629 <u>115,881</u>	1
	\$ 585,835 \$ 586,670 \$ 561,993	<u>}</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements are the representations of the management of the Village prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA). Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Village are as follows:

Reporting Entity

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and changes in cash flows of the Village.

The schedule of taxes levied includes requisitions for education that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded as it is earned and measurable and is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

Deferred Revenue

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Requisition Over-levies and Under-levies

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and the property tax revenue is increased.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land Improvements	15 – 45
Engineered Structures	10 – 20
Buildings	10 – 25
Machinery and Equipment	10 – 15
Vehicles	10

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

2.	Deferred Revenue			
			2012	2011
	Government transfers		<u>\$ 953,276</u>	\$ 770,389

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

3.	Long Term Debt		2012	2011
	Alberta Municipal Financing Cor - debenture payable at \$8,31 at 11%, matures April 2013, credit and security of the mu	\$ 7,488	\$ 14,234	
	Servus Credit Union - loan payable at \$650 per me at 3%, matures August 2019 by specific automotive equip	19,62 <u>0</u>	26,733	
			<u>\$ 27,108</u>	\$ 40,967
	Principal and interest payments	are due as follows:		
		Principal Interest	Total	
	2013 2014 2015	\$ 14,818	\$ 16,112 7,800 4,805	
		<u>\$ 27,108</u> <u>\$ 1,609</u>	\$ 28,717	
4.	Restricted Surplus		2012	2011
	Tax rate stabilization Equipment Roads Public land sales proceeds		\$ 97,080 59,566 72,165 119,932	\$ 88,641 59,566 72,165 119,932
			<u>\$ 348,743</u>	\$ 340,304

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

5. Debt Limits

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 be disclosed. The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole. The debt and debt service limits for the Village of Spring Lake are as follows:

	2012	2011
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 719,847 (27,108)	\$ 672,122 (40,967)
Debt limit available	<u>\$ 692,739</u>	\$ 631,155
Total debt service limit Total debt service	\$ 119,975 (8,311)	\$ 112,020 (16,112)
Debt service limit available	<u>\$ 111,664</u>	\$ 95,908

6. Salary and Benefits Disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

					2012		2011	
	Salary		Benefits & Allowances		Total		Total	
Councillors								
C. MacDonald	\$ 2,668	\$	-	\$	2,668	\$	3,150	
D. Dobing	3,732		-		3,732		3,488	
A. Hagen	2,768		-		2,768		3,825	
B. Flesher	3,136		-		3,136		3,712	
J. Roznicki	 3,278			_	3,278		<u>3,262</u>	
	\$ 15,582	\$	-	\$	15,582	\$	17,437	
Chief Administrative Officer	\$ 69,150	\$	112	\$	69,262	\$	52,927	

Salary includes honoraria paid to the Councillors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

7. Financial Instruments

The Village's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables, payables, accrued liabilities and long term debt. It is management's opinion that the Village is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments.

The Village is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes, trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Village provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values.

8. Budget Figures

Budget figures for 2012, as approved by Council, are included in the financial statements for information purposes and are unaudited.